

House of Representatives

General Assembly

File No. 374

February Session, 2002

Substitute House Bill No. 5211

House of Representatives, April 8, 2002

The Committee on Finance, Revenue and Bonding reported through REP. MCDONALD of the 148th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING REIMBURSEMENT LIMITS FROM THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK PETROLEUM CLEAN-UP ACCOUNT.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 22a-449c of the
- 2 general statutes, as amended by section 37 of public act 01-9 of the June
- 3 special session, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 4 thereof (Effective July 1, 2002):
- 5 (2) The account shall be used by the Commissioner of
- 6 Environmental Protection to provide money for reimbursement or
- 7 payment pursuant to section 22a-449f to responsible parties or parties
- 8 supplying goods or services, or both, to responsible parties for costs,
- 9 expenses and other obligations paid or incurred, as the case may be, as
- 10 a result of releases, and suspected releases, costs of investigation of
- 11 releases and suspected releases, and third party claims for bodily
- 12 injury, property damage and damage to natural resources.

of 13 the provisions this section Notwithstanding regarding 14 reimbursements of parties pursuant to section 22a-449f, the responsible 15 party for a release shall bear all costs of the release that are less than 16 ten thousand dollars or more than one million dollars, except that for 17 any such release which was reported to the department prior to 18 December 31, 1987, and for which more than five hundred thousand 19 dollars has been expended by the responsible party to remediate such 20 release prior to June 19, 1991, the responsible party for the release shall 21 bear all costs of such release which are less than ten thousand dollars 22 or more than [three] five million dollars. There shall be allocated to the 23 department annually, for administrative costs, two million dollars.

This act shall take effect as follows:			
Section 1	July 1, 2002		

ENV Joint Favorable Subst. C/R FIN

FIN Joint Favorable

The following fiscal impact statement and bill analysis are prepared for the benefit of members of the General Assembly, solely for the purpose of information, summarization, and explanation, and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either House thereof for any purpose:

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact:

Fund-Type	Agency Affected	FY 03 \$	FY 04 \$
EQ (Underground	Department of Environmental	See Below	See Below
Storage Tank	Protection		
Petroleum Clean			
Up Account) and			
GF			

EQ - Environmental Quality Fund

Municipal Impact: None

Explanation

Increasing the limit on reimbursements by \$2 million for releases which were reported to the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) prior to December 31, 1987, and for which more than \$500,000 has been expended by the responsible party to remediate the release prior to June 19, 1991 will impact two sites. Only one of the two sites is anticipated to use these funds, increasing costs to the Underground Storage Tank Petroleum Clean-Up account by \$2 million. This account is currently funded through the transfer of a portion of the petroleum gross receipts tax from the General Fund. When the account balance falls below \$5 million, tax payments are credited to the account until the \$15 million ceiling is reached. Therefore, the bill could increase the amount transferred from the General Fund to the account. HB 5051 of the current session changes the current funding mechanism to a fixed \$3 million per quarter (\$12 million a year). If HB 5051 becomes law, this bill could delay payments of other claims.

OLR Bill Analysis

sHB 5211

AN ACT CONCERNING REIMBURSEMENT LIMITS FROM THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK PETROLEUM CLEAN-UP ACCOUNT

SUMMARY:

This bill increases the account's reimbursement limit, from \$3 million to \$5 million, for certain clean-up costs incurred because of leaking underground fuel storage tanks. To be eligible for reimbursement, a responsible party must have (1) reported the leak to the Department of Environmental Protection before December 31, 1987 and (2) spent more than \$500,000 to remediate it by June 19, 1991.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2002

BACKGROUND

Underground Storage Tank Petroleum Clean-up Account

This account reimburses responsible parties for remediation costs they incur because of leaking underground storage tanks. Eligible costs include those incurred as a result of releases, suspected releases, release-related investigations, and third-party claims for bodily injury, property damage, and damage to natural resources. By law, a responsible party is any person or entity, including the state or a municipality, that owns or operates an underground storage tank or underground tank system which leaks. The responsible party must pay the first \$10,000 of costs incurred.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Environment Committee

Joint Favorable Substitute Change of Reference Yea 24 Nay 0

Finance, Revenue and Bonding Committee

Joint Favorable Report Yea 43 Nay 0